

90 Crown Rd  
Harbord 2096

22/2/77

Dear Phyllis.

I have decided to copy out the letter from Ireland that Nancy sent, for you to have. It certainly looks as if that is where the Talbots became related by the marriage of John Talbot to Mary Whitten descent it. Religious society of Friends As here goes.

To ~~notace~~ St Historical Library  
Dublin 2

3rd Feb 1977

Mrs Nancy Wellham  
36 6 Larenmont Rd  
Enfield 2136 N.S.W.  
Australia.

Dear Mrs Wellham,

We have received your interesting letter postmarked Sydney on 24<sup>th</sup> January.  
We have Births Marriages & Deaths registers for all our meetings since the beginning of our society. The name Talbot occurs only in our Mountmellick<sup>meeting</sup> registers and Mason <sup>under</sup> ~~and~~ Barlow, Dublin, Lurgan, Co. Tipperary and Waterford meetings, and births & marriages only for Mountmellick & marriages for Mountmellick & marriages for Kildare, Rathcile, Moate & Cork. Mountmellick records the marriage of John Talbot of Roscrea Co Tipperary. Son of John & Margaret Talbot

To Mary Whitten of Roscrea. 24<sup>th</sup> Sept 1809.  
 and the births of their daughters Elizabeth 1810  
 Margaret 1812 & Anne 1815.

Mary died in 1827. Margaret in 1835,  
 and Anne 1848 aged 47 & 10 months, while  
 John died aged 75 in 1853. And his wife  
 Mary in 1829 aged 49 & 10 months, born 1778.  
 This John would seem to be the John Talbot, you  
 refer to in your letter, but he does not seem to have  
 left any descendants, as there is no record of his  
 daughters marrying. We have no note of any  
 other Talbot.

The only record we have of the Mason family from  
 Co Tipperary is the family of Joseph Mason 1672-1741  
 who married Sarah Smith of Knockgraffon Co Tipperary,  
 whose family were born between 1701 and 1710  
 and a grandson born in 1767.

Any records of the branch of <sup>your</sup> Mason family  
 would seem to be in England. And failing the  
 Public Record Office in London, I am not sure to  
 whom you could apply, possibly the Irish  
 Genealogical Research Society of the Irish Club,  
 82 Grosvenor Square, London S.W.1.

Sorry not to have been able to help you further  
 Richard Tapiferrell for Curator,

G. W.

Extract from a Topographical Dictionary of  
Ireland by Samuel Lewis. (sent to me by Miles mores  
daughter. Nancy Wellham

Ballingary, is a parish, in the barony of Lower  
Ormond, County of Tipperary, Province of Munster  
(4 miles E by N) from Burriskane containing 1767  
inhabitants, of which number 85 are in the hamlet,  
which consists of 13 houses.

This parish is situated on the high roads from  
Roscrea to Portumna and from Newagh to Parsonstown,  
and comprises 3498 plantation acres, divided into  
nearly equal portion of tillage and pasture;  
the state of agriculture is much improved, and  
green crops are partially cultivated.

There is a considerable extent of bog; and limestone  
of good quality abounds, and is used for building.  
"Knockshagowna" or "The Hills of the fairies" connected  
with which are some interesting legends, rises to a  
considerable height in the parish, and is an excellent  
land mark to the surrounding country, its summit, on  
which is a small tower, commands a very extensive  
view into several adjacent countries; On the east  
and west sides, it is well planted, and the land  
on its north ~~the~~ eastern declivity is of excellent quality.

A lake surrounded by a large bog, and called  
Lough-no-Touch, is said to be very deep; near the  
centre is a small island formed artificially, by piles  
of wood, but for what purpose is a matter of

conjunction. The principal seats are Lisburyan, situated in a well planted demesne. That of I Burbury  
I Burbury Esq. South Park of Charles Atkinson Esq.  
Ballingary Castle of Marmaduke Thompson Esq.  
Bligton & White Hall, <sup>the</sup> former, the seat and the latter,  
the property of Captain Shepherd, and Fairy Mount,  
the residence of Rev. J. H. Saunders, the vicar.  
Lismacrony, the ancient residence of the family of Smith,  
is now the property of Mr. Burbury.

Here is a station of the constabulary police.

The living is a vicarage, in the diocese of Killaloe to which the vicarage of McKeane was episcopally united  
in 1772 and 1809 and in the patronage of the Bishops;  
The rectory is empropriate in Mr. Thompson Esq.

The tithes amount to £ 263 - 2 - 6 of which £ 159  
is payable to the improprietor and £ 104 - 2 - 6 to the vicar  
and the entire tithes of the benefice payable to the vicar  
are £ 208. The church is an ancient edifice  
with a spire and morterietts, for the repair of which the  
Eccllesiastical Commissioners have lately granted £ 157  
There is neither glebe-house nor glebe.

In the R. & D divisions this parish forms part of the union  
of Burris-o-Kane. The chapel is situated at the Pike  
and is of recent erection. A school was started  
established in 1834 by the vicar, by whom, aided by  
a few private subscriptions, it is supported. There are some  
remains of the ancient castle of Ballingary from which it appears  
to have been of great strength & magnitude (Book written in 1840<sup>s</sup>)